Transgender Inclusion Policies

For additional information and resources on transgender inclusion in athletics visit transathlete.com.

Introduction

Massachusetts Charter School Athletic Organization (MCSAO) prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender identity and gender expression. In order to comport with this policy and to uphold the principles of equity and inclusion, Massachusetts Charter School Athletic Organization Athletics maintains the following policies to facilitate and encourage the participation of transgender students, staff, faculty, and visitors. These policies cover: participation in interscholastic sports; and accommodation for transpeople who attend athletic activities that are governed by the MCSAO.

Policies For Interscholastic Teams

I. Participation in Sex-Separated Interscholastic Sport Teams

A. Transgender student athletes who are NOT undergoing hormone treatment

1. Any transgender student athlete who is not taking hormone treatment related to gender transition may participate in sex-separated sports activities in accordance with his or her assigned birth gender.

2. A female-to-male transgender student athlete who is not taking testosterone related to gender transition may participate on a men’s or women’s team.

3. A male-to-female transgender student athlete who is not taking hormone treatments related to gender transition may not compete on a women’s team.

B. Transgender student athletes who are undergoing hormone treatment

1. A male-to-female (MTF) transgender student athlete who is taking medically prescribed hormone treatment related to gender transition may participate on a men’s team at any time, but must complete one year of hormone treatment related to gender transition before competing on a women’s team.

2. A female-to-male (FTM) transgender student athlete who is taking medically prescribed testosterone related to gender transition may not participate on a women’s team after beginning hormone treatment.

3. A female-to-male (FTM) transgender student athlete who is taking medically prescribed testosterone for the purposes of gender transition may compete on a men’s team.

II. Participation in Mixed Gender Sport Activities

A mixed team has both female and male participants and may be restricted in championship play according to specific national governing body rules.

A. Transgender student athletes who are NOT undergoing hormone treatment

1. For purposes of mixed gender team classification, a female-to-male (FTM) transgender student athlete who is not taking testosterone related to gender transition may be counted as either a male or female.
2. For purposes of mixed gender team classification, a female-to-male (FTM) transgender student athlete who is not taking testosterone related to gender transition participating on a women’s team shall not make that team a mixed gender team.

3. For purposes of mixed gender team classification, a male-to-female (MTF) transgender student athlete who is not taking hormone treatment related to gender transition shall count as a male.

B. Transgender student athletes who are undergoing hormone treatment

1. For purposes of mixed gender team classification, a male-to-female (MTF) transgender student athlete who is taking medically prescribed hormone treatment related to gender transition shall be counted as a male participant until the athlete has completed one year of hormone treatment at which time the athlete shall be counted as a female participant.

2. For purposes of mixed gender team classification, a female-to-male (FTM) transgender student athlete who is taking medically prescribed testosterone related to gender transition shall be counted as a male participant and must request a medical exception from the NCAA prior to competing because testosterone is a banned substance.

III. Recommended Implementation Process

A. The student’s responsibility

1. In order to avoid challenges to a transgender student’s participation during a sport season, a student athlete who has completed, plans to initiate, or is in the process of taking hormones as part of a gender transition shall submit the request to participate on a sports team in writing to the MCSAO executive staff upon matriculation or when the decision to undergo hormonal treatment is made.*

2. The student shall submit her or his request to the MCSAO executive staff. The request shall include a letter from the student’s physician documenting the student athlete’s intention to transition or the student’s transition status if the process has already been initiated. This letter shall identify the prescribed hormonal treatment for the student’s gender transition and documentation of the student’s testosterone levels, if relevant.

* The student is encouraged to meet with someone who can offer support and advice through the process, if desired. Should the student want help in finding such a person, the MCSAO executive staff, Civil Rights Officer, School Adjustment Counselor can all be called upon to assist.

B. School Responsibilities

1. The MCSAO executive staff shall meet with the student to review eligibility requirements and procedure for approval of transgender participation.

2. All discussions among involved parties and required written supporting documentation shall be kept confidential, unless the student athlete makes a specific request otherwise. All information about an individual student’s transgender identity and medical information, including physician’s information provided pursuant to this policy, shall be maintained confidentially.

Facilities, Support, and Education
I. Locker Rooms.
Anyone using sports facilities at MCSAO governed events—whether MCSAO member athletes, visiting athletes, or other participants and attendants—shall have access to the changing, shower, and toilet facilities that accord with their gender identity. Private facilities will be made available if asked for but transgender people will not be required to use them.

II. Accommodations for travel.
When possible, MCSAO member athletes traveling to other schools should be assigned accommodations based on their gender identity, with more privacy provided, if possible, when requested.

III. Names and Pronouns.
Teammates, coaches, and other participants in sports shall refer to people by their preferred names and pronouns.

IV. Dress Codes and Uniforms
Dress codes should enable all athletes and other sports participants to dress in accord with their gender identity. For example, instead of requiring gendered forms of “dressy,” such as a skirt or dress, dress codes should require students to dress with appropriate formality in ways that suit their gender identity. Since both transgender and cisgender athletes may have preferred gender expressions that do not conform to traditional norms of dress—for instance, not all women feel comfortable in a skirt—this policy should be understood to apply to all athletes. Uniforms, too, ideally, should not conflict with an athlete’s gender identity.

V. Education
At MCSAO: Athletes, coaches, trainers, and other people involved in MCSAO Athletics should be educated about trans identities and the principles of transgender inclusion. They should be knowledgeable about how, in their particular roles, to support trans people, and prepared to put this knowledge to use.
At schools or venues in which MCSAO athletes compete. Without naming or violating the privacy of transgender athletes or personnel in question, relevant authorities and personnel at those venues should be informed about expectations for the treatment of transgender athletes—including accommodation, pronoun, and name use—during and outside of play.